

## MISS DUNLEVY SHOWS TEMPER

Gives View of Lawyer in Four Words

## IN ROW OVER PAPERS

She Sues for an Alleged Breach of Marriage Promise—Adds Ginger to Hearing in Brattleboro Court.

Brattleboro, April 19.—A hearing in the court of chancery to determine a preliminary question on the suit of Miss Katherine G. Dunlevy vs. Edward J. Fenton to recover \$15,000 damages for alleged breach of promise to marry had a dramatic finish Saturday afternoon.

Discussion had arisen relative to sending to Judge W. W. Miles some papers in the case. E. W. Gibson of Mr. Fenton's counsel gathered up some of the records, whereupon Miss Dunlevy said she took the records from the files and she did not wish Mr. Gibson to take them away without giving a receipt.

J. K. Batchelder of Mr. Fenton's counsel stated that he objected to having Miss Dunlevy, a party in the suit, have the custody of the records. Miss Dunlevy replied that she did not have the custody of the records, whereupon Mr. Batchelder charged her with just having admitted that she did.

Court Clerk F. D. Stowe said he had sole custody of the records and that Miss Dunlevy took them from the files at his direction.

Mr. Batchelder made some more remarks which incensed Miss Dunlevy, and she walked over to where he stood and told him in four short words what she thought of him.

Mr. Batchelder returned in substance that his estimate of her was sustained. At this point court clerk Stowe took the papers and looked them up, and Judge Miles said he hoped everybody would get away happy.

The hearing was on Miss Dunlevy's motion to dissolve an injunction, secured by Mr. Fenton restraining her from proceeding with the trial of her case in county court until she had returned some letters which were taken from Mr. Fenton's desk in his store.

Miss Dunlevy returned 24 letters, but Mr. Fenton claimed that three others from Miss Dunlevy to him were missing and that Miss Dunlevy knew where they were. Miss Dunlevy denied all knowledge of the whereabouts of the three missing letters.

The principal witness was Mr. Fenton, who said that the three letters and those returned were together in his desk at a time when Miss Dunlevy called at his store for an interview and had opportunity to take them from the drawer. He said he first missed them in April, 1907, just before the April term of county court.

Miss Dunlevy's counsel sought to impeach Mr. Fenton and introduced a deposition given by Mr. Fenton in August, 1907, in the case of Fred C. Gale against John H. Albion, in which Mr. Fenton said he first missed the letters in November, 1906.

Miss Dunlevy claims that she never took any letters from Mr. Fenton's desk but that they were found on the floor by her brother, Joseph Dunlevy, who was sweeping up after Mr. Fenton had moved from his old store to his new one.

Frank Ryan testified that he saw Joseph Dunlevy looking over some papers while he was sweeping and that afterward he saw Joseph Dunlevy have a bundle of papers in his arms. He said the next night he saw Joseph Dunlevy enter the store with the same bundle of papers.

Miss Dunlevy's contention is that her brother gave the papers to her, that they were looked over and that what were not wanted were returned to the store the next night and put with other waste papers.

### POINTS FOR PIPE SMOKERS.

The Way to Get the Most Enjoyment Out of Tobacco—Treating a New Pipe.

Of the several ways in which tobacco is used, the original one of smoking it in a pipe is undoubtedly the least harmful. If it is not begun too early in life, or carried to an excess, it is perhaps difficult to prove that pipe smoking is injurious in any degree whatever. The best pipe is made of briar root, with a short and straight or very slightly curved stem. The mouthpiece should be amber or rhinoceros gutta percha. Such a pipe is easy to hold in the mouth, and does not interfere with reading.

When breaking in a new pipe is should be filled with cold water for a moment or two before filling and lighting. This should be repeated for half a dozen or more times, in order that the char shall begin to form without really burning the wood. It is not necessary or desirable to dry out the bowl before every filling, but merely to turn out the water.

Another point about the treatment of a new pipe is not to smoke up all the tobacco until it is somewhat seasoned. The weakest part of the pipe is the bottom of the bowl, and many old smokers make a practice of always leaving a pinch or so of tobacco unburnt in it.

When clear begins to make the bowl of the pipe apparently smaller it should be cut out. If this is not done the difference in the contraction and expansion of char and of the wood will cause the bowl to split open.

But care must be taken in cutting away the char not to remove it all. When it is cut too thin the wood will burn, and make the fact known in extreme cases by frequent cracking sounds. In such cases the breaking-in process should be resorted to again.

A long broad swab of medium size is the best implement with which to clean out the wooden part of a pipe stem. When away from home a bit of steel wire of the size used in bicycle spokes will answer very well. It can be conveniently carried in a pencil case alongside of a

## AFTER SUFFERING TEN YEARS

Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

MARLTON, N.J.—I feel that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has given me new life. I suffered for ten years with serious female troubles, inflammation, ulceration, indigestion, nervousness, and could not sleep. Doctors gave me up, as they said my troubles were chronic. I was in despair, and did not care whether I lived or died, when I read about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; so I began to take it, and am well again, relieved of all my suffering. —Mrs. GEORGE JORDY, Box 40, Marlton, N.J.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs, contains no narcotics or harmful drugs, and to-day holds the record for the largest number of actual cures of female diseases we know of, and thousands of voluntary testimonials are on file in the Pinkham laboratory at Lynn, Mass., from women who have been cured from almost every form of female complaints, inflammation, ulceration, displacements, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, indigestion and nervous prostration. Every suffering woman owes it to herself to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial.

If you would like special advice about your case write a confidential letter to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. Her advice is free, and always helpful.

pencil. A straightened hairpin will generally do in default of anything better. But the great point of all in pipe smoking is to learn to smoke slowly. When this habit is acquired the full flavor of the tobacco will always be enjoyed, every smoke will be a cool one, and tongue burning will be unknown.

It is, however, very hard for nervous people to smoke slowly. We know of cases where smokers have tried for years to check their smoking speed, without success. They probably did not begin to make the effort early enough in their smoking careers.

With good tobacco and a root pipe the slow smoker attains a degree of pleasurable enjoyment in smoking of which the rapid smoker has not an inkling. Perhaps all smokers do not know that it makes any difference in the flavor of pipe tobacco how many times a pipe goes out. A cigar which is allowed to go out once has its flavor ruined, and is most appreciably termed a "butt." A pipe, however, tastes, if anything, better for going out.

Fastidious smokers always have at least two pipes at hand, and never fill one unless it has entirely cooled off. This is a help towards cool smoking and reasonable life in a pipe.

A good trick by which to tell if you are smoking too fast is to hold the bowl in your hand. If it is too hot to do so, then you may know that your speed is too great. —From THE BITS.

## PRES. TAFT TRAVELER

Plans Made for a Long Summer Trip

## VISIT ALASKA ON WARSHIP

Summer Headquarters Will Be at Beverly and the New Motor Cars Will Be Tried on New England Roads.

Washington, April 19.—President Taft is planning a notable trip during the late summer and early fall, provided Congress decides to continue the annual appropriation of traveling expenses allowed during the closing years of the Roosevelt administration.

The president's plans for the summer as far as Aug. 15 have been completed. Mr. Taft will leave Washington as soon as he can arrange matters after the adjournment of Congress, and has been told that the extra season will end June 1. The president will go direct from the White House to his summer home at Woodberry Point, Beverly, Mass., and will spend two months or more there as quietly and as free from official worries as possible.

President Taft will devote most of his vacation to golfing, motoring and perhaps short cruises along the northern coast. The reassembled Atlantic fleet of 16 battleships will maneuver off the New England coast during the summer, and the president undoubtedly will want to see some of the work of the ironclads.

If he goes West in the late summer the president will include Alaska in the journey, sailing from Seattle, probably on a vessel of the navy or revenue cutter service. No president has ever visited the far northern territory which for long has been a part of the United States. The president has been invited to and is particularly anxious to attend the following gatherings:

The annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic at Salt Lake City, Utah.

The trans-Mississippi conference at Denver.

The National Irrigation Congress at Seattle and the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition at the same city.

In addition to his proposed visit to the Rocky Mountain states and to the Pacific Northwest, the president's tentative plans for the trip include a long swing through the Southwest and the heart of the South itself.

The Case of Gov. Haskell.

Washington, April 19.—The attorney general Saturday telegraphed the United States attorney at Tulsa, Okla., that the present grand jury cannot legally reinvestigate the Haskell cases, but that a new grand jury must be drawn from what was formerly the western division of Indian territory, in order to reconsider those cases, in case they are to be considered at all. The department of justice still has under consideration the question whether or not Judge Marshall's decision leaves open any new means of procuring indictments against Haskell and his associates.

## GOOD, HONEST, SQUARE-DEAL

Medicines like those of Dr. R. V. Pierce of Buffalo, warrant their makers in printing their every ingredient, which they do, upon their outside wrappers, verifying the correctness of the same under oath. This open publicity places these medicines in a class all by themselves. Furthermore, it warrants physicians in prescribing them largely as they do in their worst cases.

## Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

Is a most potent alterative or blood-purifier, and tonic or invigorator and acts especially favorably in a curative way upon all the mucous lining surfaces, as of the nasal passages, throat, bronchial tubes, stomach and bowels, curing a large per cent. of catarrhal cases whether the disease affects the nasal passages, the throat, larynx, bronchia, stomach (as catarrhal dyspepsia), liver, bowels (as mucous diarrhea), or other organs.

## Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

Is advised for the cure of one class of diseases only—those peculiar weaknesses, derangements and irregularities peculiar to women. It is a powerful yet gently acting invigorating tonic and nerve.

For weak, worn-out, over-worked women—no matter what has caused the break-down, "Favorite Prescription" will be found most effective in building up the strength, regulating the womanly functions, subduing pain and bringing about a healthy, vigorous condition of the whole system.

A book of particulars wraps each bottle giving the formulae of both medicines and quoting what scores of eminent medical authors, whose works are consulted by physicians of all the schools of practice as guides in prescribing, say of each ingredient entering into these medicines.

Both medicines are non-alcoholic, non-secret, and contain no harmful habit-forming drugs, being composed of glyceric extracts of the roots of native, American, medicinal, forest plants. They are both sold by dealers in medicine. You can't afford to accept as a substitute for one of these medicines of known composition, any secret nostrum. Don't do it.

## INTERESTING NOTES FROM WASHINGTON

A Dispute of 80 Years Brought to an End by Action of the Senate in Ratifying a Treaty.

Washington, D. C., April 16.—An 80-year-old diplomatic dispute was brought to an end the other day by the action of the Senate in ratifying the extradition treaty with France. The treaty is distinctly a French achievement. Its contention that a French citizen who commits a crime in another country is not extraditable from his own is embodied in the document, and hereafter French citizens who commit crimes in the United States and succeed in returning to France will be immune from any possible prosecution.

There are more cases in which this point than one would imagine. Eighty years ago, France refused to return a French criminal to the United States on the ground that he had committed no crime in his own country. The French government offered to prosecute the criminal in his own courts, but rejecting this proposition, this country simply retained its attitude of protest.

The latest case is that of Paul Roy, the Frenchman, who is wanted in America in connection with a murder in New Hampshire a few months ago. He is now safe, so long as he remains in the French dominion. France has never asked that an American be turned over to the French government for crime committed in that country.

How the Jap is Progressing.

In one respect at least, the vily Jap has put it over the American inventor. He has perfected a machine for knitting

hosiery that is superior to any used in America or elsewhere in the world.

This tribute was paid to the Japanese by a hosiery manufacturer who is here looking after tariff legislation. To illustrate his statement, he showed a woman's stocking made of white silk and said of it:

"This is a perfect stocking. It is the product of a single process in a knitting machine, which is more than we can say of our production. Every American manufacturer is required to have the hem on the top of the stocking sewed on a sewing machine. The Japanese produce the same result with the machine that knits the stocking. It would be worth \$250,000 to any man who would tell us how the thing is done. This stocking is perfectly shaped in the knitting, has all the merits of both full fashioned and seamless goods without the defects of either, and it is easily the best manufactured stocking I have ever seen."

Another demonstration of the ingenuity of the Japanese is shown in their development of knitting in other respects. They imported German machines as models and have improved upon them so that at the price of one German machine, five Japanese machines can now be produced, and each Japanese machine turns out twice the amount of work produced by a German machine. It is easy to judge from this what is going to happen when the Japanese, with their cheap labor, copy our patterns and devote themselves in earnest to an invasion of our markets."

"How near to Harrisburg, within a radius of 100 miles, were you brought up?" was the question put to a newspaper correspondent the other day by Chief Wilkie of the secret service.

The correspondent burst into a laugh. "How the diavolo did you know I had lived near Harrisburg?" he exclaimed. He was a new-comer.

"Only by the infection of your question," replied Wilkie, referring to a conversation which the newspaper man had been conducting over the 'phone in the

same room in which the chief formed one of a group.

Wilkie has been a close student of human nature, as well as a great traveler. He said that every one of the states, east of Ohio in particular, has "localisms" in language that enables the close observer pretty accurately to determine the community in which a man has been raised.

"The earlier years are those which make the most impression," he declared. "No matter what one's environment may have been in after life, it appears difficult for him to break away from habits, particularly in speech, unless a special effort is made to do so."

The chief related how, upon one occasion, he was traveling west in a Pullman and from time to time heard voices in different parts of the car. To the friend next him he attempted to pick the communities in which the men had been raised. According to the analysis, one was from Chicago, another from Pittsburgh, a third from Philadelphia, a fourth from New York, a fifth from Boston, a sixth from Maine and a seventh from the South. The friend made careful note and later every man thus described confirmed the chief's diagnosis.

You can call a man name in the House of Representatives, if you do it in the right way. The other day Representative Clark of Florida referred to a fellow Democrat, Representative Stanley of Kentucky, as having no more gumption than the father of a mule—and he got away with it. But when, a little later, Clark in plain language called Stanley an ass, he was officially called down by the presiding officer.

Charles Taft, the president's younger son, is just about as full of mischief as a properly constituted American boy should be. During one of the interesting days of the tariff debate in the House, he accompanied his mother to the executive gallery, and amused both himself and the rest of the audience by imitating the postulations of the various orators on the floor.

Most of the members of President Taft's cabinet seem to prefer hotel life to the comforts of a private residence. Of the nine men who make up that important part of the presidential family, only three maintain homes in Washington. They are Secretary Knox and Meyer, and Attorney General Wickersham. Secretaries Wilson, MacVeagh, Dickinson, Hitchcock, Ballinger, and Nagel live in hotels.

## RHODY HAS LOST HER SOLDIERS.

Militia Wiped Out by Error of the Legislature.

Providence, R. I., April 19.—Every military and naval organization in the state, including the state militia, the governor's personal staff and a dozen independent chartered companies, was wiped out of existence last Thursday by the Rhode Island general assembly, through a big mistake.

In an attempt to amend the militia law, the entire act was repealed instead. On Tuesday the legislature will remedy its mistake by again enacting in proper form a militia bill which caused a fire-hour debate in the House last Wednesday.

A bill of some 70 sections and about 25,000 words, "An Amendment of Chapter 296 of the General Laws," was passed by both houses, and on Thursday became a law.

The last section in the law as passed provided that chapter 296 of the general laws and all acts in amendment thereof are hereby repealed.

Consequently, while the amendments were being passed they were at the same time being repealed and the rest of the entire military law along with them. Tuesday a new act, similar to the other, with the exception of the last section, will be rushed through the legislature.

# KEEP A SPECIALIST ALWAYS IN YOUR HOME.

It can be done at a small cost if you happen to need the services of a specialist in diseases for which the following remedies are prescribed. With the exception of Elliott's Emulsified Oil Liniment, every one of them is Compounded from Prescriptions of some of the best Specialists in the United States.

Each remedy is Compounded Scientifically from the Purest and Highest Grade of Ingredients Manufactured and guaranteed to benefit the sufferer or money will be returned.

Rydale's	Rydale's	Rydale's	Rydale's	Elliott's	Barney's
Stomach Tablets	Liver Tablets	TONIC	Cough Elixir	Emulsified Oil Liniment	COMPOUND
for indigestion and dyspepsia, are compounded from the prescription of a man who has made a lifelong study of the digestive organs. They are not a purely artificial digestant that relieves only temporarily, but are a combination of the best drugs known for their tonic effect upon the stomach and digestive organs. They stimulate the stomach to do its own work. Two sizes, 25c and 50c.	are made from the prescription of a professor in an Ohio medical college and are especially recommended where there is a catarrhal condition of the stomach, bile, ducts or bowels. They are the pleasantest liver medicine on earth to be as effective and powerful as they are. For biliousness and torpid liver they are without an equal. 50 chocolate coated tablets in a metal box, 25c.	is the acme of perfection in medicine as a nerve and blood tonic. In combination with other very valuable medicinal agents it contains iron, quinine and strychnine, and nothing has ever been discovered yet that would tone and build up a run-down system quicker or better than this combination of remedies. For old people and weak, puny children or anyone with a run-down system it is far superior to all other tonics. Guaranteed to cure malaria. Two sizes, 50c and \$1.00.	The prescription for Rydale's Cough Elixir was secured in western North Carolina near Asheville, where so many persons with lung trouble go. It will not and can not cure consumption, but for coughs, colds and bronchial troubles it never fails to benefit or cure. If it does not you get your money back. Two sizes, 25c and 50c.	is not a prescription of a specialist, but an emulsion of kerosene oil, spirits turpentine, origanum, ether and ammonia. By a machinery process the oil globules are broken up into minute particles and rendered very penetrating, being quickly absorbed. It is as fine a formula for man or beast as medicine can produce. Every bottle sold on a guarantee. It is put up in half-pint bottles (yellow package), 25c.	is another preparation for stomach troubles. It is impossible for one remedy to cure all forms of dyspepsia, for the reason that some people have too much acid in their stomachs, while others do not have enough. It is a physical impossibility for the same remedy to relieve both of those conditions. Barney's Compound is especially recommended where there is an excess of acid, and where catarrhal conditions exist. For that soreness of the stomach it never fails to relieve. Two sizes, 50c and \$1.00.

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